United Nations E/2015/9/Add.7

Economic and Social Council

Distr.: General
28 January 2015

Original: English

2015 session
21 July 2014-22 July 2015
Agenda item 4
Elections, nominations, confirmations and appointments

Election of 17 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women has 41 members, elected in accordance with General Assembly resolution 64/289 and Economic and Social Council resolution 2010/35 and decision 2010/261.

2. Under the terms of its resolution 2010/35, the Economic and Social Council is to elect, at the coordination and management meetings to be held from 8 to 10 April 2015, 17 members of the Executive Board from among States Members of the United Nations, for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 2016, to fill the vacancies that will occur on 31 December 2015 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Algeria, Brazil, Djibouti, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Latvia, Malawi, Maldives, Philippines, Russian Federation, Solomon Islands, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

3. The 17 members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

(a) Five members from African States;

(b) Five members from Asia-Pacific States;

(c) Two members from Eastern European States;

(d) Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

(e) Two members from Western European and other States.

4. The membership of the Executive Board in 2015 is listed in the annex to the present note.

15-01063 (E) 040215

Please recycle

Annex

Executive Board of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

(41 members; three-year term)[a]

Membership in 2015

Members from the regional category, in accordance with Council resolution 2010/35

Ten members from African States

Algeria* (2015), Djibouti* (2015), Equatorial Guinea (2016), Gabon* (2015), Gambia* (2015), Malawi* (2015), Senegal (2016), Somalia (2016), South Africa (2016), Togo (2016)

Ten members from Asia-Pacific States

Bangladesh (2016), China (2016), India (2016), Japan (2016), Maldives* (2015), Philippines* (2015), Republic of Korea (2016), Solomon Islands* (2015), Thailand* (2015), United Arab Emirates* (2015)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bosnia and Herzegovina (2016), Latvia* (2015), Poland (2016), Russian Federation* (2015)

Six members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Brazil* (2015), Colombia (2016), Cuba (2016), Suriname (2016), Uruguay* (2015), Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)* (2015)

Five members from Western European and other States

Germany*,[b] (2015), Israel[c] (2016), Italy[d] (2016), Portugal[e] (2016), Turkey*,[f] (2015)

Members from contributing countries

Four members from the top 10 voluntary core contributing countries, in accordance with paragraph 61 (a) of General Assembly resolution 64/289

Denmark[g] (2016), Spain[h] (2016), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (2016), United States of America (2016)

---

* Retiring member.

[a] See Economic and Social Council resolution 2010/35.

[b] Replaced New Zealand as from 1 January 2015.

[c] Replaced Australia as from 1 January 2015.

[d] Replaced Spain as from 1 January 2015.

[e] Replaced Liechtenstein as from 1 January 2015.

[f] Replaced Iceland as from 1 January 2015.

[g] Replaced Norway as from 1 January 2015.

[h] Replaced Sweden as from 1 January 2015.

Two members from the top 10 voluntary core contributing countries, not members of the Development Assistance Committee of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, in accordance with paragraph 61 (b) of General Assembly resolution 64/289

Mexico (2016), Saudi Arabia (2016)